- ✓ During this Task Force Meeting members can discuss legislation.
- ✓ TF can propose a recommend a position on a bill and then staff will send the proposed recommendation to CEO-LAIR for review. Bills being considered for a proposed recommendation will be placed on the monthly TF agenda.
- ✓ During the legislative update TF members can identify other bills from the Legislative table they would like to consider for a recommended position.
- ✓ Staff will rely on your guidance and expertise in prioritizing bills and identifying the bills for the TF to recommend formal positions on.
- ✓ CEO-LAIR will review proposed recommendations and provide a Memo of Findings for each proposed recommendation.
- ✓ Once Memo of Findings is received, bill can be placed on TF agenda for a formal recommendation to the Board.
- ✓ After a formal recommendation is approved by TF, Staff will send a letter to the Board with the formal recommendation.

Bill	Author, Last Amended and Hearing Date	Topic	Notes
SB 1359	Wilk Amended April 24, 2024 Scheduled Hearing date: May 16, 2024	Illegal dumping. (Illegal dumping)	This bill would criminalize the dumping, depositing, or transporting of waste matter, rocks, concrete, asphalt, or dirt on private property without the necessary permit or license from a state or local agency. Property owners or their agents who receive such waste matter without the required permit or license would also be subject to criminal charges. Each 72-hour period that the illegally dumped waste remains would be considered a separate offense. The bill provides exemptions for property owners with a legally authorized rock product operation or with a property subject to a reclamation plan at the time of receiving the waste matter. Additionally, it would be unlawful to transport waste matter in commercial quantities for the purpose of dumping it in the designated locations. Aligned with County State Legislative Agenda – as the bill would encompass a broader range of enforcement activities associated with illegal waste disposal, explicitly addressing the transport of waste to private properties without the necessary permits.
SB 1426	Blakespear Amended April 10, 2024	Waste reduction: undiverted materials. (IWMA)	This bill would prohibit an exclusive franchise, contract, license, or permit to provide services for diversion from exceeding the services required to be performed under the exclusive authorization. Would also require a person who provides services for diversion by means other than a franchise, contract, license, or permit, to comply with all applicable federal, state, regional, and local laws, rules, and regulations, including, but not limited to,

	Failed passage out of Senate EQ Committee Failed first house policy committee deadline		regulations related to labor and worker safety, land use, vehicles, and responsible end-use or disposal of materials. The bill would, if certain programs are not offered through a local ordinance or a local jurisdiction's franchise agreement, authorize other persons to collect, transport, and process undiscarded organic material from nonresidential customers. Partially aligned with County State Legislative Agenda – as the bill may provide jurisdictions with flexibility in managing solid waste by enhancing third-party haulers' ability to recover and recycle solid waste and organic waste products. However, there is the potential for increased jurisdictional oversight of these third-party entities. In addition, the provisions in the bill that would prevent jurisdictions from regulating third-party entities may infringe on the Board's decision-making authority.
AB 2514	Aguiar-Curry Amended April 10, 2024 Scheduled Hearing date: Pending	Solid waste: organic waste: diversion: hydrogen: biomethane. (Hydrogen)	This bill would define pyrolysis as the thermal decomposition of organic material at elevated temperatures in the absence or near absence of gases such as air or oxygen. The bill would require CalRecycle, when providing incentives to facilitate progress towards the reduction targets, to consider the life-cycle effects of different projects and then prioritize incentives for landfill diversion projects with the greatest life-cycle benefits. Partially aligned with County State Legislative Agenda – as the bill allows renewable hydrogen to be considered a recovered organic waste product for jurisdictional procurement. However, hydrogen created from "pipeline" biomethane can only be derived from source-separated organic waste. Jurisdictions with mixed waste organic collection systems would be ineligible to produce or procure this type of renewable hydrogen.
SB 1143	Allen Amended April 18, 2024 Scheduled Hearing date: May 16, 2024	Household hazardous waste: producer responsibility. (HHW EPR)	This bill would create a producer responsibility program for products containing household hazardous waste and require a producer responsibility organization (PRO) to provide a free and convenient collection and management system for covered products.

			Aligned with County State Legislative Agenda – as the bill would place greater emphasis on product/manufacturer responsibility for the environmental impacts of their products.
AB 2346	Lee Amended April 10, 2024 Scheduled Hearing date: Pending	Organic waste reduction regulations: procurement of recovered organic waste products. (SB 1383 Procurement)	This bill would authorize local jurisdictions to be credited for the procurement of recovered organic waste products through an agreement with a direct service provider. Aligned with County State Legislative Agenda – as the bill would increase flexibility to reach organic waste and methane emission reduction goals.

BILL	AUTHOR	Group	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
AB 2	Ward	Amended June 28, 2023 2-Year Bill (EPR)	Proposed Law: The bill would require CalRecycle, on or before October 1, 2026, and on or before October 1 each year thereafter, to establish a covered solar PV recycling fee, based on the reasonable regulatory costs, to administer covered electronic waste recycling. The bill would require the charge to be imposed upon a consumer or a service provider serving the consumer for the purchase of a new or refurbished covered solar PV module product. Expands the definition of "covered electronic device" to include a "customer-owned solar PV module," thereby expanding the scope of the act to include covered solar photovoltaic (PV) module products, for limited purposes. Beginning January 1, 2028, the bill would require a solar photovoltaic module, that is not a customer-owned solar PV module, to be included in a plan that describes how the module will be managed at the end of its useful life, who is responsible for managing it, and how it will be recycled, refurbished, or reused.	In Senate Appropriations suspense file Watch Position
AB 347	Ting	Amended September 8, 2023 2-Year Bill (Problem Products)	Household product safety: toxic substances: testing and enforcement. Proposed Law: This bill would require the DTSC to adopt guidance regarding the PFAS prohibition and the internet posting and labeling requirements for cookware, and to post that guidance on its internet website by January 1, 2025. Requires DTSC to select and test at least 200 random test samples of juvenile products, food packaging and cookware for compliance with those PFAS prohibitions and the manufacturers' labeling and internet posting duties. The bill would authorize DTSC to select and test samples after January 1, 2025, upon appropriation by the Legislature. Authorizes DTSC to assess administrative fines against manufacturers of juvenile products and food packaging that are tested and found to contain PFAS.	In Senate No Position
AB 817	Pacheco	Amended January 17, 2024 2-Year Bill (Teleconferencing/Brown Act)	Open meetings: teleconferencing: subsidiary body. Proposed Law: This bill allows, until January 1, 2026, a subsidiary body of a local agency to teleconference without meeting all the teleconferencing requirements of the Ralph M. Brown Act (Brown Act) to: expand the pool of people that serve on advisory bodies and commissions, remove a significant barrier to entry in civic life and reduce the environmental impact of from travel.	In Senate Local Government Committee and Judiciary Committee Support Position via Board motion

BILL	AUTHOR	Group	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
AB 861	Santiago	Amended May 18, 2023 2-Year Bill (Legacy Disposal Cleanup)	Proposed Law: This bill would require DTSC to contract with an entity that has expertise in remediating contaminated sites for the purpose of reviewing the department's residential cleanup near the former Exide Technologies lead-acid battery recycling facility in the City of Vernon. The bill would require the contractor to use only existing data in its review, but, if necessary, the bill would authorize the contractor to take, review, and analyze limited samples. Requires the contractor to meet with members of the community to hear comments or concerns about the cleanup and provide its findings to the board. Requires the board to post the contractor's findings on the board's internet website.	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee <u>Watch position</u>
AB 863	Aguiar- Curry Dodd	Amended July 6, 2023 2-Year Bill (EPR)	Carpet recycling: carpet stewardship organizations: fines: succession: training. Proposed Law: The bill would make a carpet stewardship organization that violates a provision of the carpet stewardship law 3 times ineligible to act as an agent on behalf of manufacturers to design, submit, and administer a carpet stewardship plan and would apply, in that event, the successorship process.	In Senate No position
AB 1238	Ward	Amended March 21, 2023 2-year Bill (EPR)	Hazardous waste: solar panels. Proposed Law: This bill would require DTSC to develop alternative management standards for managing photovoltaic modules, would specify parameters for the standards, including, but not limited to, that they promote the safe collection, reuse, and recycling of photovoltaic modules. Requires DTSC to hold at least one public workshop to discuss concepts for the standards with stakeholders before submitting an initial statement of reasons to the Office of Administrative Law.	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee <u>Watch position</u>
AB 1659	Gabriel	Amended June 28, 2023 2-Year Bill (EPR)	Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit a manufacturer from selling a small electronic device, for the first time, and first sold in California, on or after January 1, 2026, unless that small electronic device meets certain criteria, including being equipped with a USB Type-C receptacle. Requires a wholesaler or retailer of a small electronic device manufactured on or after January 1, 2026, to offer to make the sale without a charging device, and to display, certain information depending on the existence and specifications of an included charging device. Would require the wholesaler or retailer to provide a specified purchaser with certain information relating to the wired charging devices that can be used with the small electronic device. The bill would exempt from its provisions	In Senate Appropriations Committee No position

BILL	AUTHOR	Group	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			the sale of a secondhand small electronic device, the sale of a laptop before July 1, 2026, and the sale of a small electronic device of a specified size.	
AB 2190	Mathis	Introduced February 7, 2024 (Renewable Technology/ Infrastructure) Dead	California Environmental Quality Act: expedited judicial review: infrastructure projects: hydrogen. Proposed Law: This bill expands the definition of energy infrastructure project to include any project using hydrogen as fuel. Therefore, authorizing the Governor to certify energy infrastructure projects that use hydrogen as a fuel.	In Assembly Natural Resources Committee and Judiciary Committee. No position
AB 2201	Addis	Amended April 25, 2024 (Problem Products) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Toxics: air care products Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit, on or after July 1, 2026, the sale or distribution of certain air fresheners and other air care products that contain specific chemicals, defined as harmful, in the state.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee, suspense file No position
AB 2236	Bauer- Kahan	Amended March 21, 2024 (Single-Use Plastics) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Solid waste: reusable grocery bags: standards: plastic film prohibition. Proposed Law: Effective January 1, 2026, this bill would revise the single-use carryout bag exemption list to include a bag provided to a customer before the customer reaches the point of sale, that is designed to protect a purchased item from damaging or contaminating other purchased items in a checkout bag or to contain an unwrapped food item. The bill would revise the definition of recycled paper bag to require it be made from 100% postconsumer recycled materials. Also, the bill would update requirements for reusable grocery bags at point of sale.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee, suspense file. Support position
AB 2244	Ting	Amended April 17, 2024 (Harmful Chemicals) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Product safety: proofs of purchase: bisphenols. Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit, on and after January 1, 2025, a paper proof of purchase (paper receipts) provided to a consumer by a business or created by a manufacturer from containing bisphenol A, and, on and after January 1, 2026, from containing any bisphenols. The bill would specify that a violation would be punishable by a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 for a first violation, and not to exceed \$10,000 for each subsequent violation.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position
AB 2302	Addis	Introduced February 12, 2024	Open meetings: local agencies: teleconferences.	In Senate Rules Committee.
				Watch position

BILL	AUTHOR	Group	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
		(Teleconferencing/Brown Act)	Proposed Law: This bill would revise the Brown Act limits, instead prohibiting such participation for more than a specified number of meetings per year, based on how frequently the legislative body regularly meets.	
AB 2311	Bennett	Revised March 20, 2024 (Renewable Technology/Infrastructure) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: grant program: edible food. Proposed Law: This bill would expand the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund grant program to provide financial assistance for the recovery of edible food. Would specify that eligible infrastructure projects include the construction or expansion of facilities to help develop, implement, or expand edible food waste recovery operations. Requires CalRecycle to consider the increased amount of edible food recovery capacity that the project will create when awarding a grant for edible food recovery.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position
AB 2346	Lee	Amended April 10, 2024 (SB 1383 Organic Waste/Procurement)	Organic waste reduction regulations: procurement of recovered organic waste products. Proposed Law: This bill would authorize local jurisdictions to be credited for the procurement of recovered organic waste products through an agreement with a direct service provider and would allow the direct service provider agreement to include the procurement of recovered organic waste products on a prospective or retrospective basis as long as the purchase of those products occurs during the year for which the local jurisdiction seeks credit. The bill would also authorize local jurisdictions to count towards their procurement targets, compost produced and procured from specified compost operations, until 2030, investments made for the expansion of the capacity of compostable materials handling operations or community composting operations.	In Senate Rules Committee. Support position
AB 2511	Berman	Introduced February 13, 2024 (Bottle Bill) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Beverage container recycling: market development payments. Proposed Law: This bill would extend the inoperative date of the market development payment program to January 1, 2026, subject to the availability of funds, and would repeal the program as of July 31, 2026.	In Senate Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position
AB 2514	Aguiar- Curry	Amended April 10, 2024 (SB 1383 Organic Waste/Procurement) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Solid waste: organic waste: diversion: hydrogen: biomethane. Proposed Law: This bill would define pyrolysis as the thermal decomposition of organic material at elevated temperatures in the absence or near absence of oxygen. Would additionally require CalRecycle, no later than January 1, 2026, to amend regulations to include, as a recovered organic waste product attributable to a local jurisdiction's	In Assembly Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position

BILL	AUTHOR	Group	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			procurement target, hydrogen and pipeline biomethane converted from diverted organic waste	
AB 2577	Irwin	(SB 1383 Organic Waste) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Organic waste: reduction regulations. Proposed Law: This bill would require CalRecycle to include recovered edible food requirements to include product labeling requirements that reduce food waste.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position
AB 2648	Bennett	Amended March 21, 2024 (Single-Use Plastics) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Proposed Law: This bill would, with certain exceptions, prohibit state agencies from entering into, modifying, amending or renewing a contract, on or after January 1, 2025, to purchase single-use plastic bottles, for internal use or resale and would require state agencies to take appropriate steps to replace the use of single-use plastic bottles at food service facilities with non-plastic, recyclable, and reusable alternatives. Requires the Department of General Services to ensure that any new, modified, or renewed agreements, contracts, or procurements undertaken by a food service facility as part of a contract or agreement comply compliance.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position
AB 2658	Bains	Introduced February 14, 2023 (SB 1383 Organic Waste) Dead	Short-lived climate pollutants: organic waste: reduction regulations: exemption. Proposed Law: This bill would exempt food processing establishments, from the organic waste reduction goal requirements and regulations, that do not divert organic waste to landfills.	In Assembly Natural Resources Committee. No position
AB 2761	Hart and Lowenthal	Amended April 1, 2024 (PFAS) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Product safety: plastic packaging: Reducing Toxics in Packaging Act. Proposed Law: This bill would enact the Reducing Toxics in Packaging Act, which would prohibit, beginning January 1, 2026, a person from manufacturing, selling, offering for sale, or distributing in the state plastic packaging that contains certain chemicals, including PFAS, OVC, and/or PVDC The bill would exclude from that prohibition packaging used for certain medical, drug, and federally regulated products. The bill would authorize the imposition of a civil penalty for a violation of that prohibition	In Assembly Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position
AB 2762	Friedman	Amended April 24, 2024 (Single-Use Plastics)	Recycling: reusable beverage containers. Proposed Law: This bill would require that no less than 5% of the volume of beverages that certain beverage manufacturers sell in beverage containers in California be sold in	In Assembly Appropriations Committee.

BILL	AUTHOR	Group	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			reusable beverage containers and that by January 1, 2032, no less than 60% of that 5% be in reusable beverage containers that were returned for reuse. The bill would provide for periodic increases to those percentages. Would require, beginning January 1, 2030, and annually thereafter, a beverage manufacturer to report certain information to CalRecycle regarding the sale of beverages in beverage containers and reusable beverage containers. Requires a beverage manufacturer to make those reports publicly available on the beverage manufacturer's internet website. The bill would authorize one or more beverage manufacturers to form a reusable beverage container management system and to submit a plan to CalRecycle regarding their plan to comply with the requirements of this bill.	No position
SB 551	Portantino	Amended March 21, 2024 2-Year Bill (Single-Use Plastics)	Proposed Law: This bill would authorize certain beverage manufacturers to submit with other beverage manufacturers a consolidated report, in lieu of individual reports, that identifies the postconsumer recycled plastic content for beverage containers and the amounts of virgin plastic and postconsumer recycled plastic used in beverage containers. Requires the consolidated report to be submitted under penalty of perjury and pursuant to standardized forms prescribed by CalRecycle.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee. Watch position
SB 615	Allen & Min	Amended April 12, 2023 2-Year Bill (EPR)	Proposed Law: This bill would require vehicle traction batteries in the state to be recovered and reused, repurposed, or remanufactured and eventually recycled at the end of their useful life in a motor vehicle or any other application. Would also require a vehicle manufacturer, dealer, automobile dismantler, automotive repair dealer, and nonvehicle secondary user to be responsible for ensuring the responsible end-of-life management of a vehicle traction battery once it is removed from a vehicle or other application to which the vehicle traction battery has been used. would make a vehicle or battery manufacturer responsible for collecting a stranded battery, as defined, and repurposing the battery, if possible, but would require the manufacturer to ensure the battery is recycled if it cannot be reused. Requires, by January 1, 2025, a battery supplier, as described, to be responsible for the development of a core exchange program for replacing a battery, module, or cell removed from a vehicle, as specified. Requires a battery supplier to annually submit a report to STSC. Would make a secondary user that purchases a battery that was removed from a vehicle responsible for ensuring the battery is sent to a qualified facility at the end of the battery's useful life and reporting specified information to DTSC.	In Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee No position

BILL	AUTHOR	Group	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
SB 707	Newman	Amended April 3, 2024 2-Year Bill (EPR)	Proposed Law: This bill would enact a stewardship program known as the Responsible Textile Recovery Act of 2024, which would require a produce of apparel or textile articles, to form and join a producer responsibility organization or PRO. The bill would require the PRO to be approved by CalRecycle. CalRecycle is required to adopt regulations to implement the program no earlier than January 1, 2028. Requires the PRO to submit to CalRecycle, for approval or disapproval, a complete plan for the collection, transportation, repair, sorting, and recycling, and the safe and proper management of apparel and textile articles in the state. Upon approval of a plan, or commencing January 1, 2030, the bill would prohibit a producer from selling, offering for sale, importing, or distributing apparel or textiles in or into the state, unless the producer is a participant of a PRO.	In Assembly Natural Resources Committee <u>Watch position</u>
SB 903	Skinner	Amended April 11, 2024 (Problem Products) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Environmental health: product safety: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances. Proposed Law: This bill would, beginning January 1, 2032, prohibit a person from distributing, selling, or offering for sale a product that contains intentionally added PFAS, unless the Department of Toxic Substances Control has made a determination that the use of PFAS in the product is a currently unavoidable use, the prohibition is preempted by federal law, or the product is previously used. The bill would specify the criteria and procedures for determining whether the use of PFAS in a product is a currently unavoidable use, for renewing that determination, and for revoking that determination. The bill would establish the PFAS Penalty Account and require all administrative penalties received to be deposited into that account and, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to be used for the administration and enforcement of these provisions. This bill would require CalRecycle, on or before January 1, 2027, to adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of this bill.	In Senate Appropriations Committee. Suspense File Watch position
SB 972	Min	Amended April 15, 2024 (California Global Warming Solution Act of 2006) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Methane emissions: organic waste: landfills. Proposed Law: Requires CalRecycle, to provide procedures for local jurisdictions to request technical assistance from CalRecycle, to post those procedures on its internet website, and to provide that technical assistance. The bill would require CalRecycle to provide 2 reports to the Legislature; first report to be due on or before January 1, 2028, and to be on, among other things, the status of the technical assistance provided to local jurisdictions; the 2nd report to be due on or before January 1, 2031, and to be on the	In Senate Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position

BILL	AUTHOR	Group	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			state's ability to meet the targets for reducing the disposal of organic waste in landfills and any recommendations to modify the program to achieve those goals. The bill would require CalRecycle, the state board, and the California Environmental Protection Agency to hold at least 2 joint meetings per calendar year to coordinate their implementation of policies that affect those specified targets for reducing organic waste in landfills and the department's regulations adopted to achieve those goals.	
SB 1045	Blakespear	Amended April 29, 2024 (SB 1383 Organic Waste) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Proposed Law: This bill, on or before June 1, 2026, would require the Office of Planning and Research, in consultation with CalRecycle, to develop and post on the office's internet website, a technical advisory reflecting best practices to facilitate the siting of composting facilities to meet the organic waste reduction goals. The bill would require the office to consult with specified entities throughout the development of the technical advisory. Upon a substantive revision of the land use element, on or after January 1, 2028, would require a city, county, or city and county to consider, among other things, the best practices reflected in the technical advisory and to consider updating the land use element to identify areas where composting facilities may be appropriate as an allowable use. By increasing duties on a city or county, thereby imposing a statemandated local program.	In Senate Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position
SB 1046	Laird	Amended April 9, 2024 (SB 1383 Organic Waste)	Organic waste reduction: program environmental impact report: small and medium compostable material handling facilities or operations. Proposed Law: This bill requires CalRecycle to prepare and certify, by January 1, 2027, a program environmental impact report that streamlines the permitting process for jurisdictions to develop small and medium compostable material handling facilities or operations for process organic waste.	In Assembly Natural Resources No position
SB 1053	Blakespear	Amended April 18, 2024 (Single-use Plastics) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Solid waste: reusable grocery bags: standards: plastic film prohibition. Proposed Law: Effective January 1, 2026, this bill would revise the single use carryout bag exemption list to include a bag provided to a customer before the customer reaches the point of sale that is designed to protect a purchased item from damaging or contaminating other purchased items in a checkout bag, or to contain an unwrapped food item. The bill would revise the definition of recycled paper bag to require it be made from 100% postconsumer recycled materials. Also, the bill would update requirements for reusable grocery bags at point of sale.	In Senate Appropriations Committee, suspense file. Support position

BILL	AUTHOR	Group	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
SB 1066	Blakespear	Amended April 18, 2024 (EPR/Problem Products) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Hazardous waste: marine flares: producer responsibility. Proposed Law: The bill would require a producer of a covered product to register with a producer responsibility organization, which would be required to develop and implement a producer responsibility plan for the collection, transportation, and the safe and proper management of covered products.	In Senate Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position
SB 1113	Newman	Amended March 21, 2024 (Bottle Bill) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Proposed Law: This bill would authorize recycling pilot projects to operate until January 1, 2034, and repeal those provisions on that date. By extending the time recycling pilot projects may operate, the bill would make an appropriation by increasing expenditures from a continuously appropriated fund for handling fee payments to pilot recyclers. The bill would limit the time that a convenience zone that falls within the area of an operational, CalRecycle-approved pilot project is deemed to be served to January 1, 2027.	In Senate Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position
SB 1135	Limon	Amended April 25, 2024 (Greenhouse Gas Reduction) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: income taxes: credit. Proposed Law: This bill, in the 2025–26 fiscal year through the 2035–36 fiscal year, would transfer 1% of the annual proceeds of the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund, not to exceed \$120,000,000 per fiscal year, to the California Compost Tax Credit Fund, which the bill would establish. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, and before January 1, 2036, would allow a credit against those taxes for each taxable year to a qualified taxpayer in an amount equal to amounts paid or incurred during the taxable year for the application of compost on agricultural lands, ranchlands, or rangelands to improve soils, sequester carbon, and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. The bill would require the Department of Food and Agriculture to allocate the credits to qualified taxpayers through an application process and would limit the aggregate amount of credits allocated per fiscal year to the amount appropriated from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to the California Compost Tax Credit Fund, minus specified distributions, would additionally continuously appropriate up to 20% of moneys in the California Compost Tax Credit Fund, not to exceed \$24,000,000 per fiscal year, for existing composting infrastructure grant programs and existing healthy soils program.	In Senate Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position
SB 1143	Allen	Amended April 18, 2024 (EPR) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Household hazardous waste: producer responsibility Proposed Law: This bill would create a producer responsibility program for products containing household hazardous waste and require the producer responsibility organization (PRO) to provide a free and convenient collection and management system	In Senate Appropriations Committee, suspense file. Support position

BILL	AUTHOR	Group	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			for covered products. The bill would define "covered product" to mean a product that is flammable, toxic, ignitable, corrosive, reactive, or pressurized, and that meets other specified criteria. The bill would require a producer of a covered product to register with the PRO, which would be required to develop and to develop and implement a producer responsibility plan for the collection, transportation, and safe and proper management of covered products. The bill would require DTSC to adopt regulations to implement the program with an effective date no earlier than July 1, 2027.	
SB 1147	Portantino	Amended April 10, 2024 (Problem Products) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Proposed Law: This bill would require, upon adoption by the State Water Resources Control Board of a primary drinking water standard for microplastics, any water-bottling plant that produces bottled water that is sold in this state to provide the State Department of Public Health's Food and Drug Branch an annual report on the levels of microplastics found in the source water used for bottling and in the final bottled water product that is offered for sale, as provided. The bill would require this report to be included with the annual water-bottling plant report and, upon request, be made available to each consumer. This bill would require the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) to study the health impacts of microplastics in drinking water, including bottled water, to evaluate and identify a level of microplastics in those types of water that are not anticipated to cause or contribute to adverse health effects or that does not pose any significant health risk. The bill would require OEHHA, after the state board adopts a standard methodology and requirements for the testing and reporting of microplastics in drinking water, and upon the request of the state board, to develop and deliver to the state board a public health goal for the public health goal developed and delivered by OEHHA, and to adopt a primary drinking water standard for microplastics.	In Senate Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position
SB 1167	Blakespear	Amended April 4, 2024 (Single-use Plastics) Dead	Solid waste: single-use drinking vessels. Proposed Law: This bill would require a chain restaurant, before serving a beverage, to ask a customer if the customer intends to consume the beverage on the premises or off the premises. The bill would prohibit a chain restaurant from serving a beverage in a single-use vessel if a customer indicates intent to consume the beverage on the premises.	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee. No position
SB 1175	Ochoa Bogh	Amended May 13, 2024 (SB 1383 Organic Waste)	Organic waste: reduction goals: local jurisdictions: waivers. Proposed Law: This bill would require CalRecycle to revise the regulations to require CalRecycle to consider, in addition to census tracts, alternatives to those census tracts,	In Senate Floor, third reading. No position

BILL	AUTHOR	Group	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
		Hearing on May 16, 2024	when deciding the geographic boundaries of a low-population or elevation waiver. The bill would prohibit CalRecycle from considering those alternatives when deciding the boundaries for those waivers until it adopts the revised regulations.	
SB 1231	Allen	Introduced February 15, 2024 (Problem Products/Proper labeling) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Plastic Pollution Prevention and Packaging Producer Responsibility Act: environmental advertising. Proposed Law: This bill would authorize a producer or group of producers of products using covered materials to petition CalRecycle to identify material types and forms that meet those specified requirements and criteria to be considered as recyclable in the state. The bill would require CalRecycle to review the petition and approve or deny it within 60 days of receipt. Additionally, would expand that exemption to up to 24 months after the date CalRecycle publishes or updates the specified material characterization study. The bill would exclude chemicals that are disclosed only for purposes of compliance with a specified regulation governing the disclosure of chemicals on a list produced under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65) from the intentionally added chemicals that would affect whether a product or package is considered recyclable in this state.	In Senate Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position
SB 1232	Grove	Amended March 18, 2024 (SB 1383 Organic Waste waiver) Dead	Organic waste: collection requirements: exemptions. Proposed Law: This bill would exempt a portion of a county from the prescribed organic waste collection requirements if the county proposed a fee for the collection of organic waste in that portion of that county and the county did not impose the fee in that portion of that county because, when submitted to property owners for approval, it was rejected.	In Senate Local Government Committee and Environmental Quality Committee. No position
SB 1237	Stern	Introduced February 15, 2024 (Methane) Dead	Methane. Proposed Law: This bill would generally replace the term "natural gas" with the term "methane" throughout all of the state's codes. Because some natural gas is not methane and some methane is not natural gas, the bill would authorize the expenditure of continuously appropriated moneys for new purposes, thereby making an appropriation, and would also change the applicability of various charges, and the purposes for which revenues from those charges may be used.	In Senate Energy, Utilities and Communications Committee. No position
SB 1280	Laird	Amended March 20, 2024 (EPR)	Waste management: propane cylinders: reusable or refillable.	In Senate Floor, third reading.

BILL	AUTHOR	Group	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			Proposed Law: This bill would, on and after January 1, 2028, prohibit the sale or offer for sale of propane cylinders other than those propane cylinders that are reusable or refillable.	No position
SB 1302	Blakespear	Amended April 29, 2024 (Bottle Bill) Hearing on May 16, 2024	The California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act: recycling machines: pilot projects. Proposed Law: This bill would, until January 1, 2034, authorize up to 3 recycling machine pilot projects. The bill would define "recycling machine" as a mechanical device that accepts empty machine acceptable beverage containers for redemption. The bill would authorize CalRecycle to select a jurisdiction for a pilot project based on certain criteria and would specify the requirements for the operation of a pilot project. The bill would authorize CalRecycle to issue probationary certificates of operation to operators of recycling machine pilot projects and would make an operator of a recycling machine pilot project operator eligible for processing payments and handling fee.	In Senate Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position
SB 1359	Wilk	Amended April 24, 2024 (Illegal Dumping) Hearing on May 16, 2024	Proposed Law: This bill would criminalize the dumping, depositing, or transporting of waste matter, rocks, concrete, asphalt, or dirt on private property without the necessary permit or license from a state or local agency. Property owners or their agents who receive such waste matter without the required permit or license would also be subject to criminal charges. Violations of these provisions would lead to increased fines and be classified as misdemeanors. Each 72-hour period that the illegally dumped waste remains would be considered a separate offense. The bill provides exemptions for property owners with a legally authorized rock product operation or with a property subject to a reclamation plan at the time of receiving the waste matter. Additionally, it would be unlawful to transport waste matter in commercial quantities for the purpose of dumping it in the designated locations.	In Senate Appropriations Committee, suspense file Support position
SB 1426	Blakespear	Amended April 10, 2024 (Waste Diversion) Dead	Waste reduction: undiverted materials. Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit an exclusive franchise, contract, license, or permit to provide services for diversion from exceeding the services required to be performed and actually performed under the exclusive authorization. The bill would require a person who provides services for diversion by means other than a franchise, contract, license, or permit, to comply with applicable law, as specified. The bill would, if certain programs are not offered through a local ordinance or a local jurisdiction's	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee Failed Passage in Committee No position

BILL	AUTHOR	Group	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			franchise agreement, authorize other persons to collect, transport, and process undiscarded organic material from nonresidential customers.	