

**STATUS OF LEGISLATIVE BILLS CONSIDERED BY THE
LOS ANGELES COUNTY INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT TASK FORCE
2021-2022 SESSION
APRIL 21, 2022**

Bill	Author	Topic	Alignment with TF Policy	Notes
AB 1857	Cristina Garcia	Solid waste.	Current Position – Oppose Unless Amended	This bill has been re-referred to the Assembly Committee on Appropriations and has not been scheduled for a hearing. A TF position letter of Oppose Unless Amended was sent to Assembly Committee on Appropriation on March 24, 2021. This bill is being brought up for further discussion as requested by members at the March TF meeting.
AB 2048	Santiago	Solid waste: franchise agreements: database.	Aligned - Consider Oppose Unless Amended	<p>This bill would require each local jurisdiction to post on its internet website current franchise agreements between contract waste and recycling haulers and public agencies that are within the jurisdiction of the local jurisdiction. The bill would require each local agency to provide CalRecycle the direct electronic link to those posted franchise agreements. The bill would require CalRecycle to create and maintain a publicly accessible database that provides direct electronic links to those posted franchise agreements.</p> <p>Partially Aligned with TF Policy – TF members took a Support position during the March Legislative Update. Recommending consider an “Oppose Unless Amended” position as this bill would impose implementation cost on to Jurisdictions to maintain a database with various franchise agreements. It is unclear how a “local jurisdiction” (undefined) would be able to collect the requested information from school districts, sanitation districts, state & federal agencies, other public agencies (undefined), etc. that are located within the boundaries of the “local jurisdiction”. Recommended amendment: <i>“Require each local jurisdiction to post on its Internet website current franchise agreements between waste haulers, recycling haulers. Require all other public agencies</i></p>

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				<i>such as school districts to provide CalRecycle the electronic links of their current franchise agreements.”</i>
AB 2208	Kalra	Fluorescent lamps: sale and distribution: prohibition.	Aligned - Consider Support	<p>This bill would prohibit the sale of compact fluorescent lamps beginning January 1, 2024, followed by prohibiting the sale of linear fluorescent lamps by January 1, 2025.</p> <p>Aligned with TF Policy – recommending consider a “Support” position as the bill would protect the environment and waste streams from contamination caused by improperly discarded mercury-containing fluorescent lamps.</p>
AB 2440	Irwin	Responsible Battery Recycling Act of 2022.	Aligned - Consider Support	<p>This bill creates the Responsible Battery Recycling Act of 2022 (Act), which requires producers of covered batteries and covered battery-embedded products, as defined, to establish a stewardship program for the collection and recycling of covered batteries and covered battery-embedded products. CalRecycle, in consultation with the State Department of Toxic Substance Control, would be responsible for the administration and implementation of the stewardship program. The Act also repeals the existing Rechargeable Battery Recycling Act of 2006 and the Cell Phone Recycling Act of 2004.</p> <p>Aligned with TF Policy – recommending consider a “Support” position as the bill would create a proper and safe collection program for batteries and products embedded with batteries which are often discarded in curbside solid waste containers or recyclable bins which pose battery fire threats to solid waste collection personnel, transportation vehicles, and recycling facilities.</p>

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<p style="text-align: center;">AB 2784</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Ting and Irwin</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Solid waste: thermoform plastic containers: postconsumer thermoform recycled plastic.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Aligned - Consider Support</p>	<p>This bill would establish a tiered thermoform recycled plastic content of no less than 20 or 30 percent per year.</p> <p>Aligned with TF Policy – recommending consider a “Support” position as the bill would transition from utilizing virgin resin and increase the use of recycled thermoform.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">SB 983</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Eggman</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Consumer warranty protection: express warranties.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Aligned - Consider Support</p>	<p>The bill requires a manufacturer of an electronic or appliance product to provide consumers, service, and repair facilities, proper literature, prescribed functional parts and tools needed for the maintenance or repair of these products for at least three years after the date a product model or type was manufactured, regardless of whether the three-year period exceeds the warranty period for the product.</p> <p>Aligned with TF Policy - recommending consider a “Support” position as this bill would make it possible for consumers to repair a product in order to extend the useful life of the product.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">SB 1215</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Newman</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Responsible Battery Recycling Act of 2022.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Aligned - Consider Support</p>	<p>This bill creates the Responsible Battery Recycling Act of 2022 (Act), which requires producers of covered batteries and covered battery-embedded products, as defined, to establish a stewardship program for the collection and recycling of covered batteries and covered battery-embedded products. CalRecycle, in consultation with the State Department of Toxic Substance Control, would be responsible for the administration and implementation of the stewardship program. The Act also repeals the existing Rechargeable Battery Recycling Act of 2006 and the Cell Phone Recycling Act of 2004.</p>

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				Aligned with TF Policy – recommending consider a “Support” position as the bill would create a proper and safe collection program for batteries and products embedded with batteries which are often discarded in curbside solid waste containers or recyclable bins which pose battery fire threats to solid waste collection personnel, transportation vehicles, and recycling facilities.
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BILL	AUTHOR	STATUS	SUMMARY	TASK FORCE POSITION
AB 1	Cristina Garcia and Santiago	Revised May 20, 2021. Senate Committee on Environmental Quality and Committee on Judiciary.	Hazardous Waste. Proposed Law: This bill would create the Board of Environmental Safety within CalEPA with duties which would among other things include reviewing policies, processes, and programs within the hazardous waste control laws; and proposing statutory, regulatory, and policy changes. Require DTSC to prepare a state hazardous waste management plan, every three years and present it to the board for approval. Requires the Secretary for Environmental Protection to convene a fee task force to review and make recommendations to the Legislature on a fee system for the Hazardous Waste Control Account and a funding structure for the Toxic Substances Control Account. Repeals the generator fee and would instead require a generator to pay the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration a generation and handling fee of \$35.50 for each ton of hazardous waste generated and would increase the base rate and revise the tiered payment structure for hazardous waste facilities.	Letters to Oppose Unless Amended, sent to Senate Committee on Environmental Quality and Committee on Judiciary on June 15, 2021.
AB 284	Robert Rivas	Amended July 14, 2021. Senate Floor, Inactive file.	California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: climate goal: natural and working lands Proposed Law: This bill would require CARB, as part of the next scoping plan update, in collaboration with the Natural Resources Agency and other relevant state agencies and departments and no later than, January 1, 2023, to identify a 2045 climate goal, with interim milestones, for the state's natural and working lands, and to integrate into the scoping plan update recommendations developed by the Natural Resources Agency and the Department of Food and Agriculture regarding practices, policy and financial incentives, market needs, and potential reductions in barriers that would help achieve the 2045 climate goal, among other recommendations. The bill would require the state board, in collaboration with the Natural Resources Agency and other relevant state agencies and departments, to include this information in each subsequent update to the scoping plan and update that information, as appropriate. The bill would require the state board to develop standard methods for state agencies to consistently track GHG emissions and reductions, carbon sequestration, and, where feasible, additional benefits from natural and working lands over time. The bill would require CARB, in estimating and tracking GHG emissions and reductions and carbon sequestration from natural working lands, to take into account, where	

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			feasible, greenhouse gas emissions and reductions of carbon dioxide, methane, and nitrous oxide related to natural and working lands and the potential impacts of climate change on the ability to reduce GHG emissions and sequester carbon from natural and working lands.	
AB 363	Medina	Amended July 5, 2021. Senate Committee on Transportation.	Carl Moyer Memorial Air Quality Standards Attainment Program Proposed Law: This bill would require CARB, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to develop project grant criteria and guidelines for a new On-Road Heavy-Duty Vehicle Incentive Program (VIP2) that shall provide additional incentives for projects eligible for program funding that are deployed in disadvantaged communities provided, and in low-income communities. The bill would authorize, for purposes of the VIP2, CARB to allow existing engines or existing vehicles regardless of model year, and all on-road heavy-duty vehicle types, regardless of vehicle type or application, to participate in the VIP2, among other VIP2 components.	Letter of Support If Amended, sent to Senate Committee on Transportation on August 30, 2021
AB 661	Bennett	Amended January 24, 2022 Senate Committee on Rules	Recycling: materials Proposed Law: This bill would require a state agency, if fitness and quality are equal, to purchase recycled products instead of nonrecycled products, without regard to cost. The bill would require CalRecycle, in consultation with the Department of General Services (DGS), to update a list of products and minimum recycled content percentages, commencing January 1, 2026, and every 3 years thereafter. Would require CalRecycle and the DGS to incorporate the updated list of products and minimum recycled content requirements into the State Contracting Manual, the Financial Information System for California, and the financial system of any department not utilizing the Financial Information System for California. The bill would require CalRecycle to maintain an internet website with current SABRC products and minimum recycled content requirements. Would establish product categories and minimum content and recyclability requirements, effective January 1, 2023; would delete the DGS review and recommendation process for unmet requirements and, instead, would require CalRecycle to report a state agency that does not meet SABRC purchasing requirements in each product category to the DGS. The bill would require all state agency procurement and contracting officers, or their designees, to participate in mandatory annual training. The bill would require	Letter of Support If Amended, sent to Assembly Committee on Accountability and Administrative Review on April 21, 2021

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			<p>the DGS and the Prison Industry Authority to prioritize the use of recycled content products; would require DGS and CalRecycle to establish a requirement to offer products that meet the SABRC postconsumer minimum percentage requirements to state agencies that utilize their statewide contracts; would, with regard to both the state acquisition of goods and services and the acquisition of information technology goods and services, require the DGS to establish procedures for complying with SABRC, including procedures for meeting the minimum recycled content requirements and for complying with reporting requirements.</p>	
<p>AB 732</p>	<p>Quirk</p>	<p>Amended January 4, 2022 Senate Committee on Rules.</p>	<p>Hazardous waste: transportation: registration Proposed Law: This bill would make technical amendments by deleting obsolete provisions related to registered hazardous waste transporters.</p>	
<p>AB 1001</p>	<p>Cristina Garcia</p>	<p>Amended March 22, 2022 Senate Committee on Rules</p>	<p>Environment: mitigation measures for air and water quality impacts: environmental justice. Proposed Law: This bill would authorize mitigation measures, identified in an environmental impact report or mitigated negative declaration to mitigate the adverse effects of a project on air or water quality of a disadvantaged community, to include measures for avoiding, minimizing, or compensating for the adverse effects on that community. The bill would require compensating measures, to mitigate those effects directly in the affected disadvantaged community. The bill would require all public agencies, in implementing CEQA, to give consideration to the principles of environmental justice, by ensuring the fair treatment and meaningful involvement of people of all races, cultures, incomes, and national origins. Because the bill would impose additional duties on the lead agency, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.</p>	
<p>AB 1067</p>	<p>Ting</p>	<p>Amended January 12, 2022 Senate Committee on Rules.</p>	<p>Beverage containers. Proposed Law: This bill would require CalRecycle, no later than July 1, 2023, to conduct a study inquiring whether the \$100 per day payment to the department provides inducement for dealers to meet the standards for redemption. CalRecycle is required to submit a report to the Legislature by July 1, 2023. Report should include information on how many dealers are in compliance; have paid the fees in lieu of compliance, and how may have</p>	

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			<p>been out of compliance and enforcement actions taken against dealers. CalRecycle is to include recommendations on whether the imposition of a fee amount on a dealer in lieu of compliance that is based on the dealer's volumetric sale of beverage containers would encourage dealers to comply with that provision in lieu of the fee payment.</p>	
<p>AB 1454</p>	<p>Bloom and O'Donnell</p>	<p>Amended June 28, 2021</p> <p>Senate Committee on Environmental Quality.</p>	<p>The California Beverage Container and Litter Reduction Act.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would (1) allow CalRecycle to designate a regional convenience zone serving up to 5 unserved supermarket-based zones based on specified factors. The bill would require CalRecycle to certify bag drop redemption programs and dealers under certain conditions and would require those certified entities to be eligible for handling fees and processing payments, as provided, thereby making an appropriation. (2) requires a certified bottle drop recycling program to pay the refund of the beverage container as an electronic payment within 3 business days of redemption, if not paid onsite at the time of redemption. Impose or prohibit other requirements on bag drop redemption programs relating to staffing, operating hours, locations, reporting, and refund values. The bill would authorize a certified bag drop redemption program to charge a consumer a service fee to cover the cost of sorting empty beverage containers. (3) would commencing July 1, 2021, until July 1, 2025, require the director to increase processing payments to a certified recycling center to 50% higher for the first 40,000 glass containers and the first 200,000 plastic containers claimed by a certified recycling center each month and to provide additional processing payments for certified recycling centers in rural regions. (4) would authorize CalRecycle to establish a program to provide startup loans in the amount of \$50,000 to entities that establish and operate certified recycling center in unserved or underserved areas in the state and would authorize a startup loan to be entirely forgiven if the entity continually maintains operations for 36 months.</p>	
<p>AB 1640</p>	<p>Ward, Bennett, Mullin, and Quirk</p>	<p>Amended March 23, 2022</p> <p>Assembly Committee on Appropriations.</p>	<p>Office of Planning and Research: regional climate networks: regional climate adaptation and resilience action plans.</p> <p>Proposed Law: would authorize eligible entities, such as a local, regional, tribal, or state organization, to establish and participate in a regional climate network. Would require the Office of Planning and Research to encourage</p>	

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			the inclusion of eligible entities with land use planning and hazard mitigation planning authority into regional climate networks. The bill would authorize a regional climate network to engage in activities to address climate change and to develop a regional climate adaptation and resilience action plan.	
AB 1676	Grayson, Cunningham, and Petrie-Norris	Amended April 18, 2022 Assembly Committee on Natural Resources.	Pipeline safety: carbon dioxide. Proposed Law: This bill would expand the regulation of intrastate pipelines under the act to intrastate pipelines used for the transportation of carbon dioxide, including by revising the definition of "pipeline" for purposes of the act to also include intrastate pipelines used for the transportation of carbon dioxide.	Gut & Amend to be removed at the next update
AB 1690	Luz Rivas, Petrie-Norris, and Stone	Amended April 20, 2022 Assembly Committee on Judiciary.	Tobacco products: single-use electronic cigarettes. Proposed Law: Would prohibit a person or entity from selling, giving, or furnishing to another person, of any age, in this state a single-use electronic cigarette, except as specified. The bill would prohibit that selling, giving, or furnishing, whether conducted directly or indirectly through an in-person transaction, or by means of any public or private method of shipment or delivery to an address in this state. This bill would authorize a city attorney, county counsel, or district attorney to assess a \$500 civil fine against each person determined to have violated those prohibitions in a proceeding conducted pursuant to the procedures of the enforcing agency.	Letter of Support If Amended, sent to Assembly Judiciary Committee on April 13, 2022
AB 1724	Stone	Introduced January 27, 2022 Assembly Committee on Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Hearing on April 26	Washing Machines: Microfiber Filtration. Proposed Law: Requires on or before January 1, 2024, that all washing machines sold as new in California contain a microfiber filtration system. The bill would also require all state-owned washing machines to contain a microfiber filtration system.	
AB 1747	Quirk	Introduced January 31, 2022 Assembly Committee on Appropriations.	Contractors: disciplinary action. Proposed Law: This bill would provide that the list of violations that constitute cause for a disciplinary action by the board includes a willful or deliberate disregard of any state or local law relating to the issuance of	Letter of Support, sent to Assembly Committee on Appropriations on April 5, 2022

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			building permits and would authorize a civil penalty not to exceed \$30,000 for any violation.	
AB 1793	Quirk	Amended March 2, 2022 Assembly Committee on Appropriations	Hazardous waste: identification: testing. Proposed Law: This bill would require DTSC, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature, to, within 5 years of the appropriation, review its acute toxicity criteria and guidelines for the identification of hazardous wastes and extremely hazardous wastes and evaluate whether or not there are any alternative test methods or calculation-based methods that avoid the use of live vertebrate fish and that meet the requirements of the hazardous waste control laws. The bill would require DTSC, if it identifies an alternative test method or calculation-based method, to update its regulations to authorize the alternative method or calculation-based method as an optional method for the identification of hazardous wastes and extremely hazardous wastes.	
AB 1817	Ting and Cristina Garcia	Amended March 24, 2022. Assembly Committee on Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials	Product safety: textile articles: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit, beginning January 1, 2024, any person from distributing, selling, or offering for sale in the state any textile articles that contain regulated PFAS, and requires a manufacturer to use the least toxic alternative when removing regulated PFAS in textile articles to comply with these provisions.	Letter to Support If Amended/Oppose Unless Amended sent to Assembly Committee on ESTM on March 21, 2022
AB 1857	Cristina Garcia	Introduced February 8, 2022. Assembly Committee on Appropriations	Solid Waste Proposed Law: The bill will remove the diversion credit for municipal solid waste incinerators and redefine the practice of incineration as disposal. The bill will also require CalRecycle to ensure that municipalities are prioritizing zero-waste strategies before constructing new incinerators. Further, the bill will make meaningful investments in zero-waste strategies, especially in frontline communities most impacted by incinerators.	Letter of Oppose Unless Amended sent to Assembly Committee on Appropriation on March 24, 2022
AB 1956	Mathis	Amended March 23, 2022 Assembly Committee on Appropriations	Solid waste: woody biomass: collection and conversion Proposed Law: This bill would create a 5-year woody biomass rural county collection and disposal pilot program, to be administered by CalRecycle. The	

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			<p>bill would require CalRecycle, to award funding to participating counties with a total population of less than 250,000 for the purpose of conducting community collection days on which individuals could dispose of woody biomass and other source-separated biomass free of charge. The bill would require a county awarded funding under the program to contract with a local compost facility, mulch production facility, or biomass conversion facility to collect and to process or convert the biomass in a way that results in less greenhouse gas emitted than if the biomass had been disposed of. The bill would require CalRecycle to report specified program information to the Legislature after the conclusion of the program.</p>	
<p>AB 1985</p>	<p>Robert Rivas</p>	<p>Introduced February 10, 2022</p> <p>Assembly Committee on Appropriations</p>	<p>Organic waste: list: available products</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would require CalRecycle to compile and maintain on its internet website a list, organized by ZIP Code, of information regarding persons or entities that produce and have available in the state organic waste products and update the list at least every 6 months. The bill would require that a person or entity seeking to be on the list send a written request to the department that includes certain information, including a description of the available organic waste products. The bill would also require the department to verify the accuracy of the information provided prior to posting the information on its internet website</p>	<p>Letter of Support, sent to Assembly Committee on Appropriations on April 4, 2022</p>
<p>AB 2026</p>	<p>Friedman and Ting</p>	<p>Amended April 6, 2022</p> <p>Assembly Committee on Appropriations.</p>	<p>Recycling: plastic packaging and carryout bags</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit an online retailer from using single-use plastic shipping envelopes, cushioning, or void fill to ship or transport products, using expanded or extruded polystyrene to package or transport commencing on January 1, 2024, for large retailers and Jan. 1, 2026, for small retailers. Prohibit a manufacturer, retailer, producer, or other distributor that sells or offers for sale and ships purchased products in or into the state from using expanded or extruded polystyrene to package or transport the products. The bill would establish exemptions from these prohibitions. Additionally, would establish the At-Store Recycling Program; would require an operator of a store to establish an at-store recycling program that provides customers the opportunity to return clean plastic carryout bags and clean reusable bags. The bill would make a violation of these requirements subject to civil penalties and would require penalties collected by the</p>	

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			Attorney General to be deposited into the At-Store Recycling Program Penalty Account for expenditure by the Attorney General to enforce those requirements.	
AB 2048	Santiago	Amended March 28, 2022 Assembly Committee on Appropriations	Solid waste: franchise agreements: database Proposed Law: This bill would require each local jurisdiction to post on its internet website current franchise agreements between contract waste and recycling haulers and public agencies that are within the jurisdiction of the local jurisdiction. Requires each local agency to provide to CalRecycle the direct electronic link to those posted agreements. Requires CalRecycle to create and maintain a publicly accessible database that provides direct electronic links to those posted franchise agreements.	Support
AB 2208	Kalra	Amended April 19, 2022 Assembly Committee on Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Hearing on April 26	Fluorescent lamps: sale and distribution: prohibition Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit, on and after January 1, 2024, a compact fluorescent lamp and, on and after January 1, 2025, a linear fluorescent lamp from being offered for final sale, sold at final sale, or distributed in this state as a new manufactured product. The bill would exempt various lamps that meet specified criteria from that prohibition, including lamps used for image capture and projection and lamps used for disinfection.	
AB 2247	Bloom	Amended April 20, 2022 Assembly Committee on Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials. Hearing on April 26	Perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) products: disclosure: publicly accessible reporting platform. Proposed Law: This bill requires, as part of the hazardous waste control laws, DTSC to work with Interstate Chemicals Clearinghouse to establish a publicly accessible reporting platform to collect information about perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) and products/product components containing PFAS being sold into the state. Requires, on or before July 1, 2024, and annually thereafter, a manufacturer of PFAS or a product component containing regulated PFAS that is sold, distributed, or offered for promotional purposes in, or imported into, the state to register the PFAS or the product or product component containing regulated PFAS, and specified other information, on the publicly accessible reporting platform.	

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AB 2374	Bauer-Kahan	<p>Amended April 7, 2022</p> <p>Assembly Committee on Business and Professions.</p> <p>Hearing on April 26</p>	<p>Crimes against public health and safety: illegal dumping.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would increase the maximum fine for the dumping of commercial quantities of waste by a business that employs more than 10 employees from \$3,000 to \$5000 for the first conviction, from \$6,000 to \$10,000 for the second conviction, and from \$10,000 to \$20,000 for the third and any subsequent convictions. The bill would require a court, when imposing a fine, to consider the defendant's ability to pay. Would also require, instead of authorize, the court to order a person convicted of dumping commercial quantities of waste to remove, or pay for the removal of, the waste matter that was illegally dumped; requires the court to notify the issuing entity of certain professional or business licenses or permits held by the convicted person, that are related to the illegal dumping activity for which the person has been convicted, if applicable, and would require those entities to post information regarding these convictions on their internet website. The bill would retain the authorization for the court to order the defendant to pay for cleanup or perform specified community service, but would remove the requirement that it be ordered as a condition of probation.</p>	<p>Letter of Support, sent to Assembly Committee on Business and Professions on April 13, 2022</p>
AB 2440	Irwin	<p>Amended March 28, 2022</p> <p>Assembly Committee on Natural Resources.</p> <p>Hearing on April 25</p>	<p>Responsible Battery Recycling Act of 2022.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would make the Rechargeable Battery Recycling Act of 2006 and the Cell Phone Recycling Act of 2004 inoperative as of September 30, 2026, would repeal those acts as of January 1, 2027. Would enact the Responsible Battery Recycling Act of 2022, which would require producers, either individually or through a stewardship organization, to establish a stewardship program for the collection and recycling of covered batteries and covered battery-embedded products. The bill would require a producer or stewardship organization to develop a stewardship plan and would prescribe the standards and elements required to be contained in a stewardship plan for covered batteries and in a stewardship plan for covered battery-embedded products. The bill would require a stewardship organization or producer to have a complete stewardship plan approved by CalRecycle on or before December 31, 2025. This bill would impose an administrative civil penalty on a stewardship organization, producer, manufacturer, distributor, retailer, importer, recycler, or collection site in violation of the act not to exceed \$10,000 per day, unless the violation is</p>	

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			intentional, knowing, or reckless, then in that case not to exceed \$50,000 per day. <i>(Companion bill SB 1215)</i>	
AB 2442	Robert Rivas	Amended April 5, 2022 Assembly Committee on Local Government	Climate Change. Proposed Law: This bill would specify that mitigation measures for climate change and disasters related to climate, may include, but are not limited to, measures that reduce emissions of greenhouse gases, the preservation of open space, improved forest management and wildfire risk reduction measures, and other investments in natural infrastructure; Adds "climate change" to the definition of disaster in the California Disaster Assistance Act (CDAA), makes the use of natural infrastructure to mitigate climate change disasters reimbursable under the CDAA, and requires local agencies to incorporate measures designed to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions in the next update of their General Plan	
AB 2674	Villapudua	Introduced February 18, 2022 Assembly Committee on Natural Resources.	California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: Low Carbon Fuel Standard regulations. Proposed Law: This bill would require the state board to recognize as a method to generate credits under the Low Carbon Fuel Standard regulations the use of renewable natural gas or biogas by a source that the state board determines to directly reduce the emissions of methane in the state and that both displaces the existing use of natural gas and reduces the carbon intensity of fuels. The bill would specify that the credits generated shall only be available for use by a source within the state.	
AB 2784	Ting and Irwin	Introduced February 18, 2022 Assembly Committee on Appropriation. Hearing on April 22	Solid waste: thermoform plastic containers: postconsumer thermoform recycled plastic. Proposed Law: This bill would require the total thermoform plastic containers sold by a producer to contain specified amounts of postconsumer thermoform recycled plastic based on a tiered plan commencing January 1, 2025; no less than 20% or 30% postconsumer recycled plastic per year on and after July 1, 2030. The bill would require certain importers and manufacturers of thermoform plastic containers to register and pay a fee to CalRecycle and would require those entities and certain purchasers and exporters to report specified sales and other information. This bill would authorize CalRecycle to conduct audits and investigations and take any	

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			<p>enforcement action against a producer to ensure compliance. The bill would impose annual administrative penalties in a specified amount, calculated and authorized to be adjusted by CalRecycle for violations. The bill would require collected administrative penalties to be deposited into the Thermoform Recycling Enhancement Penalty Account, which the bill would create.</p>	
<p>AB 2886</p>	<p>Lee</p>	<p>Amended March 24, 2022</p> <p>Assembly Committee on Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials.</p>	<p>Recycling: electric vehicle lithium-ion batteries.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would require producers of electric vehicle lithium-ion batteries to establish a stewardship program and develop and submit a plan to CalRecycle for the collection, transportation, and recycling, and the safe and proper management, of electric vehicle lithium-ion batteries that are out of warranty in the state. he bill would provide for review and approval of the stewardship plan by CalRecycle and any other state agency with relevant jurisdiction and would require the stewardship organization or producer to fully implement its stewardship program on or before June 30, 2027.</p>	
<p>SB 37</p>	<p>Cortese</p>	<p>Amended September 3, 2021</p> <p>Assembly Floor, Inactive File.</p>	<p>Contaminated Site Cleanup and Safety Act.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would repeal the requirement for the State Department of Health Care Services to compile a list of all public drinking water wells and to post the lists on their respective internet websites. Would repeal the requirement for the Secretary for Environmental Protection to consolidate the information submitted by the state agencies and instead require the secretary to post the information, or links to the information, on the California Environmental Protection Agency’s internet website. The bill would repeal the requirement for the Secretary for Environmental Protection to distribute the information to each city and county in which sites on the lists are located and to any other person upon request. The bill would also provide that a project that is located on a site that is included on any list compiled is exempted from CEQA if, through a review of the project by the lead agency, the project is determined not to have the potential for causing a significant effect on the environment and the project is an action by a state agency or a local agency, for the protection of natural resources or the environment or an enforcement action by a state or local agency, among other specified projects. This bill would expressly provide that a project that</p>	

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			is included on a list compiled pursuant to the Act shall also not be exempt from CEQA as a project where it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the activity in question may have a significant effect on the environment, commonly known as the “common-sense exemption.”	
SB 38	Wieckowski	Amended February 14, 2022 Assembly Committee on Natural Resources.	Beverage containers. Proposed Law: This bill would require beverage manufacturers in the state to form a beverage container stewardship organization with a state goal of 90 percent redemption rate for beverage containers. Repeals the \$100 payment for stores to exempt themselves in unserved zones. Reverse vending machines must have the same hours as the nearby stores they are providing service for. Allows increasing CRV rates for containers that don't have a high redemption rate. The Stewardship organization would establish a payment system to ensure the processor is not operating at a loss. Allows waste reduction facilities to be paid for CRV. Non-redeemed CRV funds would be used to administer the beverage container stewardship program. Repeals certain annual disbursements that are made by CalRecycle under the act and would limit moneys received by CalRecycle under the program to penalties for violating these provisions and charges to fund CalRecycle's administration of the program. Requires the organization to establish no less than 10,000 points of redemption in the state by July 1, 2027.	Letter of Concern was sent to Senator Wieckowski on August 18, 2021
SB 45	Portantino	Amended January 3, 2022 Assembly pending referral	Short-lived climate pollutants: organic waste reduction goals: local jurisdiction assistance. Proposed Law: Would require CalRecycle, in consultation with the Air Resources Board, to provide assistance to local jurisdictions, including but not limited to, any funding appropriated by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act, to assist local agencies to comply with provisions, including any regulations adopted by CalRecycle.	Support In Concept
SB 54	Allen, Stern, and Wiener	Amended February 25, 2021. Assembly Committee pending referral.	Plastic Pollution Producer Responsibility Act. Proposed Law: This bill would establish the Plastic Pollution Producer Responsibility Act, which would prohibit producers of single-use, disposable packaging or single-use, disposable food service ware products from offering for sale, selling, distributing, or importing in or into the state such	Support

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			packaging or products that are manufactured on or after January 1, 2032, unless they are recyclable or compostable.	
SB 451	Dodd	Amended April 12, 2021. Assembly Committee on Natural Resources.	Beverage container recycling: pilot program Proposed Law: This bill would authorize CalRecycle to establish a recycling pilot program for the collection and recycling of beverage containers. The bill would define the terms “beverage” and “beverage containers” for purposes of the pilot program to include certain beverage containers that are otherwise excluded for other purposes. The bill would make an appropriation by changing the terms and conditions under which CalRecycle is authorized to make payments from a continuously appropriated fund; would require the recycling pilot program to include a requirement for a pilot project operator to submit to CalRecycle a pilot project plan with specified goals and elements, including that the pilot project operator provides CalRecycle with annual updates and a final report on or before April 1, 2026. The bill would require CalRecycle to annually include an update on the recycling pilot program in a specified report to the Legislature.	
SB 502	Allen	Amended March 3, 2021. Assembly Pending Referral	Hazardous materials: green chemistry: consumer products Proposed Law: This bill would authorize DTSC, in lieu of requiring the analysis of alternatives, following public notice and an opportunity for public comment, to instead rely on all or part of one or more applicable publicly available studies or evaluations of alternatives to the chemical of concern under consideration in a consumer product, in existence at the time of consideration, and to proceed directly to a regulatory response; would allow DTSC to amend specified regulations to conform to these provisions. Would authorize DTSC to issue a formal request for information from product manufacturers, as defined, and would require a product manufacturer to provide data and information on the ingredients and use of a consumer product upon request within a specified timeframe, including, among other specified data and information, information on ingredient chemical identity, concentration, and functional use; would require a product manufacturer, if the product manufacturer certifies in writing that it does not have access to the information requested, in whole or in part, and has attempted to, but cannot, obtain that information from the supplier or chemical manufacturer,	

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			as defined, to provide the identity and contact information of the supplier or chemical manufacturer to DTSC.	
SB 833	Dodd and Stern	<p>Amended March 21, 2022</p> <p>Senate Committee on Appropriations</p> <p>Hearing on April 22</p>	<p>Community Energy Resilience Act of 2022</p> <p>Proposed Law: The Community Energy Resilience Act of 2022, would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to develop community energy resilience plans that help achieve energy resilience objectives and state clean energy and air quality goals. The bill would require a plan to, among other things, identify critical facilities, facilities where the construction of microgrids or other distributed energy sources could meet local resilience needs, and potential funding sources for implementing projects in the plan, include a process for the expedited permit review of distributed energy resources by the local government, and demonstrate consistency with the city, county, or city and county general plan and other local government planning documents. Requires a plan to, among other things, identify critical facilities, locations and facilities where the construction of microgrids or other distributed energy sources could meet local resilience needs, and potential funding sources for implementing projects in the plan. As a condition of receiving grant funding, the bill would require a local government to submit its plan to the commission within 6 months of adopting the plan.</p>	Letter of Support, sent to Senate Committee on Appropriations on April 5, 2022
SB 852	Dodd	<p>Amended March 9, 2022</p> <p>Senate Committee on Governance and Finance</p>	<p>Climate resilience districts: formation: funding mechanisms.</p> <p>Proposed Law: Would authorize a city, county, city and county, special district, or a combination of any of those entities to form a climate resilience district for the purposes of raising and allocating funding for eligible projects and the operating expenses of eligible projects. Would define "eligible project" to mean projects that address sea level rise, extreme heat, extreme cold, the risk of wildfire, drought, and the risk of flooding. Would authorize specified local entities to adopt a resolution to provide property tax increment revenues to the district; authorize specified local entities to adopt a resolution allocating other tax revenues to the district, subject to certain requirements. The bill would require each district to prepare an annual expenditure plan and an operating budget and capital improvement budget, which must be adopted by the governing body of the district and subject to review and revision at least annually. By imposing duties on counties in the</p>	

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			administration of tax revenues and elections of a climate resilience district, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill would deem the Sonoma County Regional Climate Protection Authority as a climate resilience district and grant the authority all of the powers available to such a district, except that the authority may not use any tax increment revenue unless it complies with the requirements for receiving and using tax increment revenue applicable to a new climate resilience district.	
SB 895	Laird	Introduced February 1, 2022 Senate Committee on Appropriations.	Solid waste: nonprofit convenience zone recycler: definition. Proposed Law: This bill would revise the criteria for and expand the definition of a nonprofit convenience zone recycler by deleting the requirement that the recycling center operate in the same location for a period of not less than 5 years and allowing the recycling center to be located within 2 miles, rather than one mile, of a supermarket that is in an exempt convenience zone.	Watch
SB 983	Eggman	Amended April 7, 2022 Senate Committee on Appropriations	Consumer warranty protection: express warranties. Proposed Law: This bill requires the manufacturer of an electronic or appliance product to make available, on fair and reasonable terms, sufficient service literature, at no charge, and prescribed functional parts and tools, including documentation, tools, software and parts needed to disable the lock or function during the course of the diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of a product, to owners of the product, service and repair facilities, and service dealers.	
SB 1046	Eggman and Gonzalez	Amended March 14, 2022 Senate Committee on Environmental Quality	Solid waste: precheckout bags Proposed Law: Prohibits a store from providing a precheckout bag to a customer if the bag is not either a compostable or a recycled paper bag. The bill would define a “precheckout bag” for this purpose to mean a bag provided to a customer before the customer reaches the point of sale, that is designed to protect a purchased item from damaging or contaminating other purchased items in a checkout bag, or to contain an unwrapped food item	

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SB 1075	Skinner	Amended April 7, 2022 Senate Committee on Energy, Utilities and Communications Hearing on April 26	Hydrogen: green hydrogen: emissions of GHG Proposed Law: create the California Clean Hydrogen Hub Fund to provide grants to public, private, and nonprofit businesses and entities for the support of projects in California that demonstrate and scale the production, processing, delivery, storage, and end use of clean hydrogen in line with specified priorities and requirements of the federal Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act as well as specified state goals. Requires the state board, by December 31, 2023, as a part of the scoping plan and the state's goal for carbon neutrality, to identify the role of hydrogen, and particularly green hydrogen, in helping California achieve the goals of the act and the state's other climate goals. Require the Energy Commission, as part of the 2023 and 2025 editions of the integrated energy policy report, to study and model potential growth for hydrogen and its role in decarbonizing the electrical and transportation sectors of the economy and helping to achieve specified goals. Would require the PUC, state board, and Energy Commission to consider other potential uses of green electrolytic hydrogen specifically in all of their decarbonization strategies.	
SB 1153	Archuleta	Introduced February 16, 2022 Senate Committee on Appropriations	Rechargeable Battery Recycling Act of 2006: data reporting. Proposed Law: This bill would require a battery handling or battery recycling facility to provide that data to DTSC in the form requested and in a timely manner.	
SB 1187	Kamlager	Amended April 6, 2022 Senate Committee on Environmental Quality Hearing on April 27	Fabric recycling: pilot project. Proposed Law: Would require CalRecycle to establish a temporary pilot project of up to 3 years located in the Counties of Los Angeles and Ventura in partnership with garment manufacturers in order to study and report on the feasibility of recycling fabric. The bill would require the pilot project to be submitted by an applicant jurisdiction and designed to create a circular economy for the highest and best use of reused textiles in California. The bill would require the pilot project to annually report CalRecycle the amount, in pounds, of textiles that were collected and that were diverted from disposal in the prior year of the pilot project, among other information. The bill would require the pilot project to conclude no later than January 1, 2027.	Letter of Support, sent to Senate Committee on Environmental Quality on April 5, 2022

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SB 1215	Newman	Amended March 29, 2022 Senate Committee on Appropriations	Responsible Battery Act of 2022. Proposed Law: This bill would enact the Responsible Battery Recycling Act of 2022, which would require producers, either individually or through the creation of one or more stewardship organizations, to establish a stewardship program for the collection and recycling of covered batteries and covered battery-embedded products. The bill would require a producer or stewardship organization to develop, and submit for review and approval, a stewardship plan for covered batteries and battery-embedded products. The bill would require a stewardship organization or producer to have a complete stewardship plan approved by the department on or before December 31, 2025, in order to be in compliance with the act. <i>(Companion bill AB 2440)</i>	
SB 1232	Allen	Amended March 29, 2022 Senate Committee on Appropriations Hearing April 25	Solid waste: products: labeling: biodegradability. Proposed Law: This bill would allow a manufacturer to make a claim that a product is “biodegradable,” “degradable,” or “decompostable” if the product does not contain an intentionally added ingredient determined by Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment to present a risk to human health from dermal or oral exposure or if the office, in consultation with CalRecycle, determines, with respect to a specific product, material, or ingredient, that there is competent and reliable evidence supporting a claim that it is “biodegradable,” “degradable,” or “decompostable.”	
SB 1256	Wieckowski	Amended March 10, 2022 Senate Committee on Judiciary	Waste management: disposable propane cylinders. Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit the sale of disposable propane cylinders commencing January 1, 2028. Violations would be subject to civil penalties imposed by city attorney or county counsel.	
SB 1463	Archuleta	Introduced February 18, 2022 Senate Committee on Energy, Utilities and Communications, and	Hydrogen fueling hub: southern California Proposed Law: This bill would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to establish a hydrogen fueling hub in California that would include a heavy-duty hydrogen fueling station located at either the Port of Long Beach or the Port of Los Angeles and a	

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		Committee on Transportation	medium- and light-duty hydrogen fueling station located within 80 miles of the heavy-duty station.	
<u>H.R. 2238</u>	Lowenthal	Introduced March 26, 2021. Referred to the Subcommittee on Environment and Climate Change.	Break Free From Plastic Pollution Act of 2021 Proposed Law: This bill would amend the Solid Waste Disposal Act to reduce the production and use of certain single-use plastic products and packaging, to improve the responsibility of producers in the design, collection, reuse, recycling, and disposal of their consumer products and packaging, to prevent pollution from consumer products and packaging from entering into animal and human food chains and waterways, and for other purposes.	
<u>H.R. 2357</u>	Cardenas	Introduced April 5, 2021. Referred to the Subcommittee on Environment and Climate Change	Realizing the Economic Opportunities and Value of Expanding Recycling Act (RECOVER Act) Proposed Law: This bill would establish the Recycling Infrastructure Program within the Environmental Protection Agency, and for other purposes.	
<u>H.R. 4602</u>	Lowenthal and McClain	Introduced July 22, 2021 Referred to the Subcommittee on Consumer Protections and Commerce.	Wastewater Infrastructure Pollution Prevention and Environmental Safety Act (WIPPES Act) Proposed Law: This bill would require the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to establish standards for the flushability of disposable wipes and would impose civil penalties on companies who are knowingly in compliance with these standards. Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment, the Federal Trade Commission, in consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall issue regulations requiring covered entities to label covered products clearly and conspicuously with “Do Not Flush” label notices and symbols.	

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H.R. 6591	McClain and Lowenthal	Introduced February 3, 2022 Referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce	Protecting Infrastructure and Promoting Environmental Stewardship Act (PIPES Act) Proposed Law: This bill would require the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to publish a rule that establishes standards for the flushability of disposable nonwoven wipes, and for other purposes. Would codify a flushability certification process for the marketing of single-use "flushable" wet wipes.	
S. 984	Merkley	Introduced March 25, 2021. Referred to the Committee on Finance.	Break Free From Plastic Pollution Act of 2021 Proposed Law: This bill would amend the Solid Waste Disposal Act to reduce the production and use of certain single-use plastic products and packaging, to improve the responsibility of producers in the design, collection, reuse, recycling, and disposal of their consumer products and packaging.	