#### DEVIL'S GATE RESERVOIR RESTORATION PROJECT

# PRESENTATION TO THE HAHAMONGNA WATERSHED PARK ADVISORY COMMITTEE

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#### Devil's Gate Restoration Project Update

- Presentation Topics
  - Introduction
  - Restoration Project Goals
  - Restoration Project Timeline
  - Status of Restoration Areas
  - Nesting Birds and Special-Status Species
  - Adaptive Management



#### Restoration Project Goals

- ▶ Satisfy Onsite Mitigation Required by Project Permits
- ▶ Create, Restore, and Enhance Habitats in Devil's Gate Reservoir
- ▶Eliminate or Control Non-Native and Invasive Plant Species
- ▶ Improve Wildlife Habitat
- ▶ Create Multi-Structured Nesting Habitat for Least Bell's Vireo



#### Creation and Restoration of Habitat

Johnson Field Prior to Habitat Creation



Mining Pit Prior to Habitat Restoration





#### Non-Native and Invasive Species

Poison Hemlock



Non-Native Grasses/Weeds



Perennial Pepper Weed





# Multi-Structured Vireo Nesting Habitat

Poor Vireo Nesting Habitat Before Restoration



Multi-Structured Vireo Nesting Habitat





#### Restoration Project Timeline

- ▶ Initial Non-Native Plant Removals Completed in February 2019
- ▶ Phase 1 Restoration
  - Implementation Initiated April 2019
  - Installation Completed February 2020
  - Irrigation Terminated February 2023
- ▶ Phase 2 Restoration
  - Implementation Initiated January 2021
  - Installation Completed May 2021
- ▶ Phase 3 Restoration
  - Implementation Initiated January 2023
  - Container Plant Installation Completed April 2023
  - Seeding Planned for Fall/Winter of 2023/2024



#### Status of Restoration Areas - Monitoring

- Qualitative Monitoring Conducted Monthly/Quarterly
  - Visual Assessment of Conditions in Restoration Areas
- Quantitative Monitoring Conducted Annually
  - Field Measurements of Several Variables in Restoration Areas
    - Percent Cover of Native Plant Species
    - Percent Cover of Non-Native Plant Species
    - Species Richness or Number of Different Plant Species
  - Results are Compared to Success Standards



## Status of Restoration Areas (Cont.)

#### Quantitative Monitoring Uses a Measuring Tape as a Transect Line







#### Status of Restoration Areas – Phase 1

- ▶Third Year Success Standards
  - Percent Cover of Native Plants 40%
  - Percent Cover of Non-Native Plants Less than 5% to 10%
- ▶2022 Quantitative Measurements
  - Percent Cover of Native Plants 54 to 88%
  - Percent Cover of Non-Native Plants 0% to 5%
- ▶2023 Annual Quantitative Monitoring June 2023



# Status of Restoration Areas – Phase 1 (DG-2B)

January 2019









## Status of Restoration Areas — Phase 1 (DG-5)

August 2020



July 2022





#### Status of Restoration Areas — Phase 2

- Second Year Success Standards
  - Percent Cover of Native Plants 30%
  - Percent Cover of Non-Native Plants Less than 5% to 10%
- ▶2022 Quantitative Measurements
  - Percent Cover of Native Plants 53 to 98%
  - Percent Cover of Non-Native Plants 0% to 4%
- ▶2023 Annual Quantitative Monitoring June 2023



#### Status of Restoration Areas – Phase 2 (Johnson Field)

May 2021



August – September 2022





#### Status of Restoration Areas – Phase 2 (Johnson Field)

May 2021









## Status of Restoration Areas – Phase 2 (DG-2)

May 2021



August-September 2022





## Status of Restoration Areas — Phase 2 (DG-2)

May 2021 July 2022







# Status of Restoration Areas – Mining Pit Challenges

- ▶ Presence of a Historic Pond
- ► Multiple Years of Drought
- Management of Willow Mortality from the Invasive Shot Hole Borer
- Modification of the Project to Adhere to the Settlement Agreement
  - Deepening of Arroyo Seco Channel
  - Elevation Change at DG-4 WOUS







## Status of Restoration Areas – Mining Pit

- Purposefully Modified Flow to Create a Meandering Channel
- ▶ Increased Vegetation Coverage and Structure
- Provides Opportunities for Nesting Vireos and Other Sensitive Birds

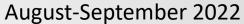






# Status of Restoration Areas – Mining Pit

January 2022









## Status of Restoration Areas – Mining Pit

January 2022



August – September 2022



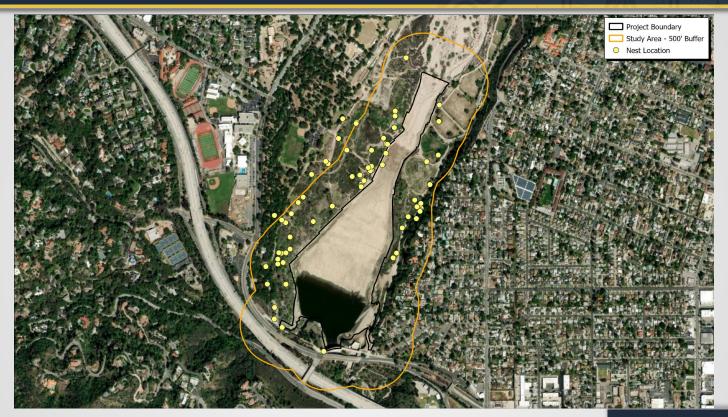


#### Nesting Birds and Special-Status Species - 2023

- ▶ Vegetation Cover and Structure Provide Nesting Opportunities
  - Tall Willows, Dense Shrubby Cover, Multi-Structured Habitat
- ▶ Current Active Nests in the Restoration Areas 70
- ▶ Observations of Special-Status Species 2023
  - Least Bell's Vireo 2 Male Vireos at Four Different Locations
  - Yellow Warbler 33
  - Yellow-Breasted Chat 3

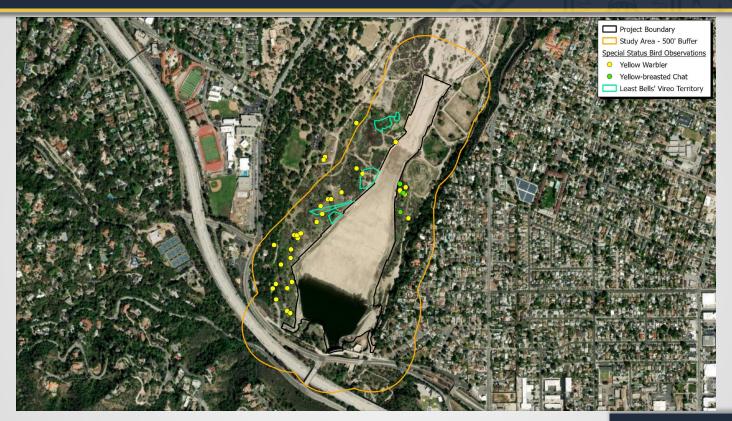


# Nesting Bird Locations 2023





# Special-Status Species Observations 2023





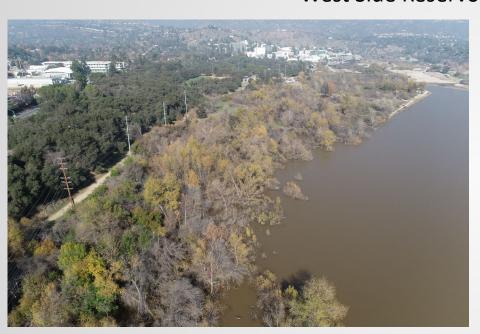
#### Adaptive Management

- ▶Invasive Shot Hole Borer
- ▶ Non-Native and Invasive Plant Species Control
- ▶ Supplemental Irrigation
- ▶ Reservoir Inundation and Impacts to Restoration Areas
- ▶Inflow from Arroyo Seco to Mining Pit through DG-4 WOUS



# Adaptive Management – Reservoir Inundation

#### West Side Reservoir Inundation 2022



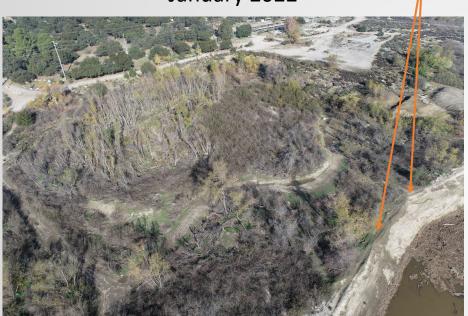




## Adaptive Management – DG-4 WOUS Inflow

#### **DG-4 WOUS Inlets**

January 2022



August – September 2022





# Devil's Gate Reservoir Restoration Project



**QUESTIONS?** 

